

Mainstreaming Climate Risks into Public Health Policy and Planning

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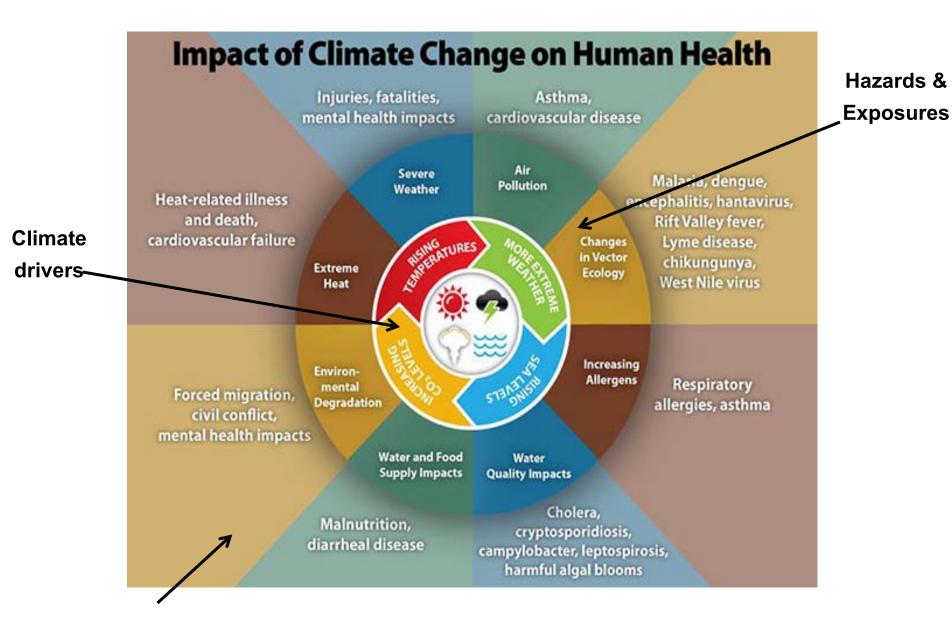
Mainstreaming Climate Risks into Public Health Policy and Planning

Thailand Health Threats from Climate Change Impacts

(draft) Thailand National Adaptation Plan on Climate Change and Health 2018-2030

Mainstreaming Climate Risks into National and Provincial Health Plans

Needs on Teaching Course Development on Climate Change and Health



Health risks & impacts

Source: Modified from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 2014.

Key Health Threats from Climate Change Impacts: Thailand

Disaster-related Deaths and Injuries

Heat-related Illness and Death

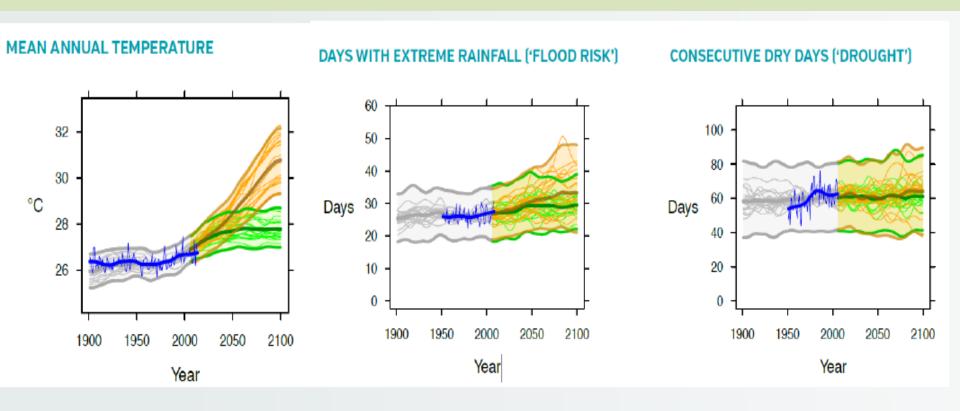
Insect-borne Diseases

Food- and Water-Borne Diseases

Respiratory Diseases

Source: DOH, Thailand (2018)

Climate Scenarios: Implication for Health Impacts

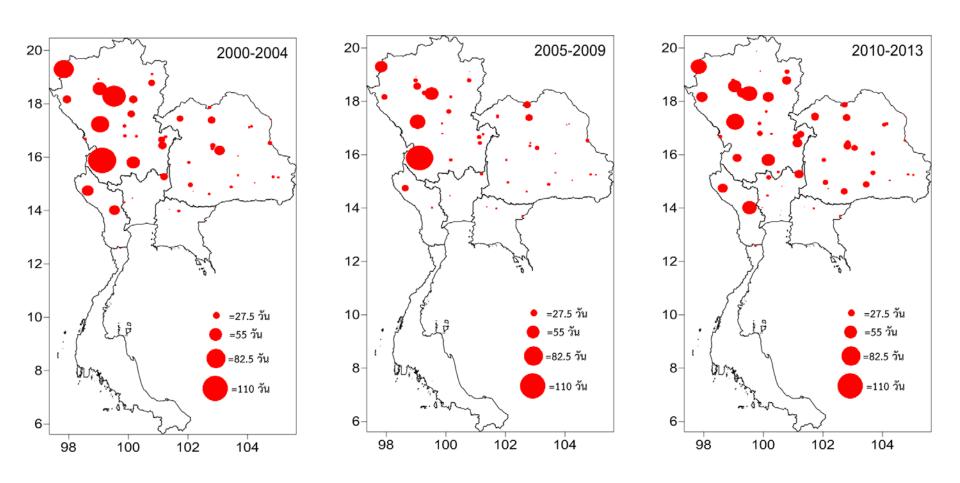


Source: DOH, Thailand (2017)

CLIMATE AND HEALTH COUNTRY PROFILE - 2015

THAILAND

Temperature extreme across Thailand (no. of days with highest temperatures > 40 °C)



Leading to =>health related illness, insect-water-food borne diseases

Source: Department of Disaster Prevention and Mitigation, 2014.

Number of people suspected of being affected by heat stroke (cases)

2010 - 2016





Heat stroke cases

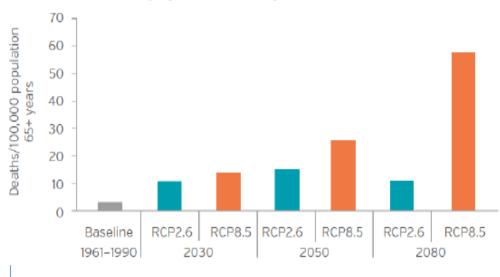
Deaths

Heat-related illness

Source: MOPH

HEAT-RELATED MORTALITY

Heat-related mortality in population 65 years or over, Thailand (deaths / 100,000 population 65+ years)



Source: WHO 2015

Source: Phramongkutklao College of Medicine

Flooding 2006-2015

| Year | No.of flood | Provinces affected | Damages | | |
|------|-------------|--------------------|--------------------|------------------|-----------------------|
| | | | Injuries (persons) | Deaths (persons) | Amount (million baht) |
| 2006 | 6 | 58 | 1,462 | 446 | 9,627.41 |
| 2007 | 13 | 54 | 17 | 36 | 1,687.86 |
| 2008 | 6 | 65 | 16 | 113 | 7,601.79 |
| 2009 | 5 | 64 | 22 | 53 | 5,252.61 |
| 2010 | 7 | 74 | 1,665 | 266 | 16,338.77 |
| 2011 | 4 | 74 | 33 | 1,026 | 23,839.21 |
| 2012 | 3 | 47 | - | 14 | 716.00 |
| 2013 | 4 | 74 | 17 | 134 | 1841.22 |
| 2014 | 4 | 58 | 8 | 31 | 323.58 |
| 2015 | 5 | 49 | - | 11 | 162.06 |

Unusual heavy flooding in some years: Causing more number of deaths

Source: DOH, Thailand (2017)

Source: NESDB 2016

Climate Change and Respiratory Illness

Respiratory Mortality Rate in Thailand from 2011-2015

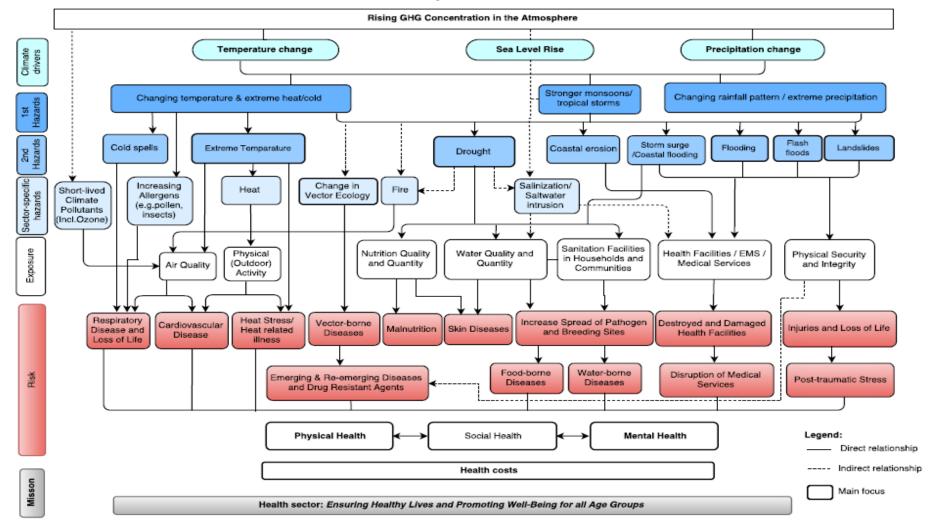


By 2030, an **estimated 2,600 annual premature deaths** due to outdoor air pollution may be avoided and near-term climate change mitigated by implementing 14 short lived climate pollutant reduction measures.

Source: WHO 2015

DOH with Support from GIZ & MONRE to Explore Causal Relationship between Climate Change and Health Impacts

Health Impact Chain



Source: GIZ, ONEP, DOH Thailand (2016)

(Draft) National Adaptation Plan on Climate Change and Health 2018-2030

Goals

- 1. To decrease illnesses and deaths caused by climate change through capacity integration from all sectors.
- 2. To prevent and manage economic, social security and environmental impacts of climate change on public health.
- 3. To establish Thailand as a center for learning on climate change and health.

Source: DOH, Thailand (2018)

(DRAFT) THE NATIONAL CLIMATE CHANGE STRATEGY OF PUBLIC HEALTH VOL.1 2017-2036

(VERSION 4 APRIL 17)

Vision

Thailand achieves international excellence and best in class of Asia in managing health and climate risks

Ultimate Goal

- "Decrease morbidity, Decrease impacts to the country, and being hub in Asia"
- Decreasing of morbidity and mortality rate caused by Dengue, Malaria, Heat-related illness, Natural disaster related illness, injuries and death, malnutrition, respiratory diseases, not less than 5%/year
- 2. 80% of targeted areas on climate change and health management meet the standard
- 3. Decreasing of economic loss due to climate change related health problems by 20%

Mission

- 1.Formulate public health policy and direction in response to climate change
- 2. Establish national excellen ce on health and climate risks management
- 3. Enhance cooperation in national, ASEAN and international level on climate change and health manage ment in order to ensure the most benefits to Thailand

4 Strategic issues

Strategy 1:

Developing international excellence public health system dealing with climate change

Relevant agencies: MoPH/MoI/MoST/ M.Digital/MoNRE/M.Education/NIEMS /Private sector Strategy 2:

Strengthening public health preparedness in climate change for national driven on economic, social and security

Relevant agencies: MoPH/M.Touris m/MoI/M.Industry/Private sector

Strategy 3:

Integrating capacity of all sectors to drive public health implementation and climate change and extending supports to ASEAN and Asia

Relevant agencies: MoPH/MoEn/Mo I/M.Industry/M. Defence/MoFA/M.E ducation/Public and Private sector Strategy 4:

Strengthening community capacity and people skills in health literacy coping with health risks from climate change

Relevant agencies: MoPH/MoI/MoNR E/M.Social dev./M. Education/MoAC /M. Labor/Public and Private sector

Source: DOH, MOPH Thailand, 2018.









Mainstreaming Climate Risks into Public Health Plan

4 main work packages

(Oct 2017- May 2019)

Capacity Building

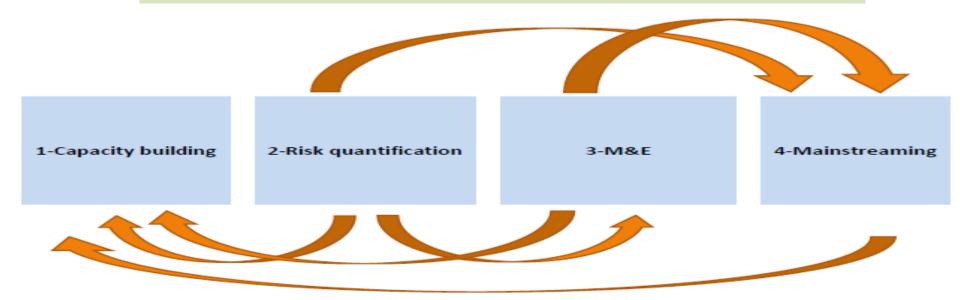
Health Risk **Quantification**

Monitoring and Evaluation(M&E)

Mainstreaming/Finance

KKU contributed an expert to mainstreaming initiative

Mainstreaming: Key Activities

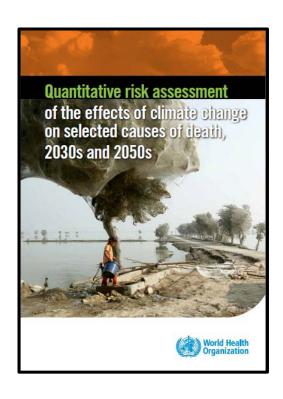


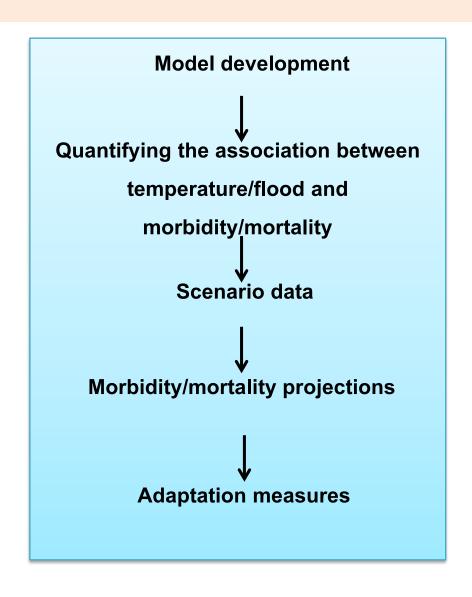
- Training modules/materi als
- Conduct ToT course
- Dissemination strategy/Institution for replication
- User-friendly training manual
- Support MOPH delivery of training modules

- Data bank for quantify impact chain factors
- Risk quantification framework
- Qualitative analysis and quantify impact chain factors
- Methodology to prioritize climate elated health risks
- Technical guideline for risk analysis for decision-makers

- M&E method
- M&E framework
- Stakeholder discussion on M&E indicators
- Recommendations on assessing and evaluating the adaptation measures & integration in the CC health adaptation plan
- Analysis of the policy and financing framework
- Technical guideline integrating the climate risks into health planning processes
- Criteria and appraisal for funding CC health adaptation

Health Risk Quantification from Climate Change





Piloting Mainstreaming Climate Change into Health Policy and Plan: Two Provinces (Nakorn Sawan and Maha Sarakham)

- Training on climate change and health
- Exploring ways to mainstreaming climate risk into the national and provincial public health plans





Needs on Teaching Course Development on Climate Change and Health

- Most public health professionals have limited knowledge and experiences on 'climate change and health'
- Climate change is increasingly to adversely affect population health at present and even worse in the future



- Needs on teaching course development on: e.g.,
 - Understanding climate change and health impact
 - Health risk quantification from climate change
 - Public health responses to climate impacts, including heavy flood and drought
 - Health awareness of climate impact
 - Epidemiological and disease surveillance system in response to climate impacts
 - Etc.

